

State of Georgia

Department of Revenue

Suite 15300 1800 Century Boulebard Atlanta, Georgia 30345 (404) 417-2100

March 16, 2009



Bart L. Graham Commissioner

Re: Intangible Recording Tax Protest and Claim for Refund per O.C.G.A. § 48-6-76(c) in the amount of the filed with the Clerk of Superior Court, December 31, 2008. Parties are the superior (Borrower) and the superior (Lender)

Dear

I have carefully considered your Protest and Claim for Refund of intangible recording tax per O.C.G.A. § 48-6-76(c) pursuant to the above-captioned matter. Your Protest and Claim for Refund, and all accompanying documents were considered in the review. It is my determination that your Claim for Refund in the amount of **constant** is denied. The amount may not be refunded.

O.C.G.A. § 48-6-61 provides in pertinent part that security instruments must be filed and the intangible recording tax paid no later than ninety days from the date of execution by the parties. In this case, the date of execution of the Security Deed was April 22, 2008. The tax was not paid within 90 days and thus a bar to any action for collection on the instrument was automatically imposed pursuant to O.C.C.A. § 48-6-77(a).

The bar to collection was removed by the subsequent recording of the Security Deed, payment of the tax imposed under O.C.G.A. § 48-6-61, and the payment of interest and a penalty imposed under O.C.G.A. § 48-6-77. In this case, the ultimate recording of the instrument in occurred on December 31, 2008, more than eight months from the date of execution.

Failure to exercise a degree of necessary diligence led to the failure to meet the statutory deadline. Adequate follow-up procedures would have alerted you and allowed more than enough time for payment of the tax well within the 90-day period. That such due diligence could have prevented the assessment of the penalty, which was thus reasonably within the control of the taxpayer, tends to establish that the failure to pay the tax was not inadvertent.

A copy of this determination is being provided to the Clerk of Superior Court, the source of that the money collected and deposited into an escrow account per O.C.G.A. § 48-6-76(b) may be distributed according to law.

Sincerely,

re-Bart L. Graham

BLG/RJL/mb

cc: Clerk of Superior Court,